# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# (+/-)-trans-1,2-Diaminocyclohexane

Revision Date:2024-10-26 Revision Number:1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# **Product identifier**

Product name	: (+/-)-trans-1,2-Diaminocyclohexane				
CBnumber	: CB0247786				
CAS	: 1121-22-8				
EINECS Number	: 601-163-6				
Synonyms	: trans-1,2-cyclohexanediamine,cyclohexanediamine				
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against					
Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.				
Uses advised against	: none				
Company Identification					
Company	: Chemicalbook				
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing				
Telephone	: 400-158-6606				

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

### **Precautionary statements**

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P264 Wash skin thouroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P309 IF exposed or if you feel unwell:

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to.....

#### Hazard statements

H227 Combustible liquid

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance

: (+/-)-trans-1,2-Diaminocyclohexane
: trans-1,2-cyclohexanediamine,cyclohexanediamine
: 1121-22-8
: 601-163-6
: C6H14N2
: 114.19

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

### General advice

First aider needs to protect himself. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in

### lf inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# **Extinguishing media**

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

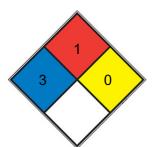
### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

### **Further information**

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### **NFPA 704**



HEALTH	3	Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. <u>liquid hydrogen, sulfuric acid</u> , <u>calcium</u> <u>hypochlorite</u> , hexafluorosilicic acid)
FIRE	1	Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93.3 °C (200 °F). (e.g. <u>mineral oil</u> , ammonia)
REACT	0	Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, N2)
SPEC. HAZ.		

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

## **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb?). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

### **Reference to other sections**

For disposal see section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. For precautions see section 2.2.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Tightly closed.

### Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### control parameter

### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

#### Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly

fitting safety goggles

Skin protection

#### required

**Body Protection** 

protective clothing

**Respiratory protection** 

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Do not let product enter drains.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	light yellow clear, liquid
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: 14 - 15 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	79 - 81 °C at 20 hPa - lit.
Flash point	69 °C - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	No data available
limits	
Vapour pressure	0,5 hPa at 20 °C
Vapour density	No data available
Relative density	0,951 g/mL at 25 °C
Water solubility	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

# Other safety information

No data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

A range from approx. 15 Kelvin below the flash point is to be rated as critical.

# **Chemical stability**

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

## Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

### Conditions to avoid

Strong heating.

### Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids

# Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# Information on toxicological effects

No data available Skin corrosion/irritation No data available Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

Acute toxicity

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

### Carcinogenicity

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

#### Aspiration hazard

No data available

### Additional Information

#### **RTECS:** Not available

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# Toxicity

No data available

# Persistence and degradability

No data available

### Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### Mobility in soil

No data available

## Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## Other adverse effects

No data available

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

# Waste treatment methods

# Product

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

## **UN number**

ADR/RID: 2735 IMDG: 2735 IATA: 2735

## UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (1,2-Cyclohexanediamine) IMDG: POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (1,2-

Cyclohexanediamine)

IATA: Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (1,2-Cyclohexanediamine)

# Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 8 IMDG: 8 IATA: 8

### **Packaging group**

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

### Special precautions for user

No data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

 Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

 China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Not Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/

 Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

 Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Not Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr

 EC Inventory:Not Listed.

 Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/

 New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Not Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/

 Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Not Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/

 Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Not Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/

 United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/

 European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Not Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transportation Association TWA: Time Weighted Average STEL: Short term exposure limit LC50: Lethal Concentration 50% LD50: Lethal Dose 50% EC50: Effective Concentration 50% **References** 

- [1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- [2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- [3] ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

[4] eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

- [5] ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- [6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- [7] HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- [8] IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- [9] IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- [10] Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

**Disclaimer:** 

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