

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## Pyrrolidine

Revision Date:2024-12-21 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## Product identifier

Product name : Pyrrolidine  
CBnumber : CB9852978  
CAS : 123-75-1  
EINECS Number : 204-648-7  
Synonyms : PYRROLIDINE,tetrahydropyrrole

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

## Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 400-158-6606

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

## Precautionary statements

P405 Store locked up.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continuerinsing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

## Hazard statements

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H301 Toxic if swallowed

H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance

Product name	: Pyrrolidine
Synonyms	: PYRROLIDINE,tetrahydropyrrole
CAS	: 123-75-1
EC number	: 204-648-7
MF	: C4H9N
MW	: 71.12

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2) Foam Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Combustible.

Pay attention to flashback.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

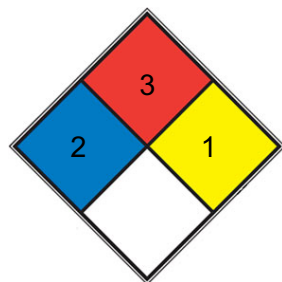
### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

### Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### NFPA 704



HEALTH 2 Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. [diethyl ether](#), ammonium phosphate, iodine)

FIRE 3 Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions. Liquids having a flash point below 22.8 °C (73 °F) and having a boiling point at or above 37.8 °C (100 °F) or having a flash point between 22.8 and 37.8 °C (73 and 100 °F). (e.g. gasoline, [acetone](#))

REACT 1 Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures (e.g. [propene](#))

SPEC.

HAZ.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

### Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

## **Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent and neutralising material (e.g. Chemizorb? OH? , Merck Art. No. 101596). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

## **Reference to other sections**

For disposal see section 13.

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# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

## **Precautions for safe handling**

### **Advice on safe handling**

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

### **Advice on protection against fire and explosion**

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

### **Hygiene measures**

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

## **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

### **Storage conditions**

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Handle and store under inert gas.

### **Specific end use(s)**

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## **control parameter**

### **Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits**

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

## **Exposure controls**

### **Personal protective equipment**

#### **Eye/face protection**

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

#### **Skin protection**

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Full contact Material: Viton?

Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Vitoject? (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Splash contact Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 120 min Material tested: Butoject? (KCL 898)

#### Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

Recommended Filter type: Filter A (acc. to DIN 3181) for vapours of organic compounds

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

#### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	colorless liquid
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
pH	12,9 at 100 g/l at 20 °C
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: < -60 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	87 - 88 °C at 1.013 hPa - lit.
Flash point	3 °C - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 10,6 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1,6 %(V)
Vapour pressure	65,1 hPa at 20 °C
Vapour density	2,46 - (Air = 1.0)
Relative density	0,852 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 25 °C - lit. No data available
Water solubility	completely miscible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 0,22 at 25 °C - (ECHA), Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available

Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: 0,94 mPa.s at 20 °C
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

### Other safety information

Relative vapor density

2,46 - (Air = 1.0)

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

### Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with: Strong oxidizing agents

Light metals

Violent reactions possible with:

Strong acids phenol

Caution! In contact with nitrites, nitrates, nitrous acid possible liberation of nitrosamines!

### Conditions to avoid

Warming.

### Incompatible materials

Copper, Light metalsHydrogen may form upon contact with light metals (danger of explosion!).

### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 430 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 4 h - 11,7 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 403)

LC50 Inhalation - 4 h - 11 mg/l Dermal

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit Result: Corrosive

(OECD Test Guideline 404)

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

No data available

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

No data available

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

No data available

**Carcinogenicity**

No data available

**Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

No data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

No data available

**Aspiration hazard**

No data available

**Toxicity**

LD50 orally in Rabbit: 433 mg/kg

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Toxicity****Toxicity to fish**

static test LC50 - Danio rerio (zebra fish) - 115 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 63 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

**Toxicity to algae**

static test ErC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - 39 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

**Persistence and degradability**

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 9 d

Result: 94,7 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301E)

Ratio BOD/ThBOD > 60 %

Remarks: (External MSDS)

**Bioaccumulative potential**

Does not bioaccumulate.

**Mobility in soil**

No data available

**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and

very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **Other adverse effects**

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### **Waste treatment methods**

#### **Product**

See [www.retrologistik.com](http://www.retrologistik.com) for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

#### **UN number**

ADR/RID: 1922 IMDG: 1922

#### **UN proper shipping name**

ADR/RID: PYRROLIDINE IMDG: PYRROLIDINE IATA: Pyrrolidine

#### **Transport hazard class(es)**

ADR/RID: 3 (8) IMDG: 3 (8) IATA: 3 (8)

#### **Packaging group**

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

#### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

#### **Special precautions for user**

No data available

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### **Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

##### **Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals**

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

##### **Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances**

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

EC Inventory:Listed.



Vietnam National Chemical Inventory: Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC): Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL): Not Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS): Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory: Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### References

【1】 CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>

【2】 ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>

【3】 ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

【4】 eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)

【5】 ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>

【6】 Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>

【7】 HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>

【8】 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>

【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>

【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

#### Disclaimer:

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