# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# Lithium iodide

Revision Date:2024-10-26 Revision Number:1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# **Product identifier**

| Product name  | : Lithium iodide   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| CBnumber  | : CB8688141  |  |  |  |
| CAS   | : 10377-51-2   |  |  |  |
| EINECS Number   | : 233-822-5  |  |  |  |
| Synonyms  | : Lil,lithium iodide   |  |  |  |
| Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against |  |  |  |  |
| Relevant identified uses  | : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use. |  |  |  |
| Uses advised against  | : none   |  |  |  |
| Company Identification  |  |  |  |  |

# **Company Identification**

| Company   | : Chemicalbook   |
|-----------|--|
| Address   | : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing |
| Telephone | : 400-158-6606   |

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



### **Precautionary statements**

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P264 Wash skin thouroughly after handling.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P332+P313 IF SKIN irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

### Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# Substance

| Product name | : Lithium iodide     |
|--------------|----------------------|
| Synonyms     | : Lil,lithium iodide |
| CAS          | : 10377-51-2         |
| EC number    | : 233-822-5          |
| MF           | : ILi                |
| MW           | : 133.85             |

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

# Description of first aid measures

### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

### In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water.

#### In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

### If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# **Extinguishing media**

### Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Lithium oxides

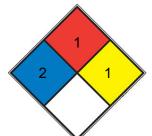
# Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

# Further information

No data available

### **NFPA 704**



| HEALTH | 2 | Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. <u>diethyl</u> <u>ether</u> , ammonium phosphate, iodine)   |
|--------|---|--|
| FIRE   | 1 | Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93.3 °C (200 °F). (e.g. <u>mineral oil</u> , ammonia) |
| REACT  | 1 | Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures (e.g. propene)   |
| SPEC.  |   |  |
| HAZ.   |   |  |

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. For personal protection see section 8.

### **Environmental precautions**

No special environmental precautions required.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

# **Reference to other sections**

For disposal see section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Light sensitive. Air sensitive. hygroscopic Store under nitrogen.

# Specific end use(s)

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### control parameter

### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

#### Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

General industrial hygiene practice.

#### Personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it. Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:Dermatril? (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:Dermatril? (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

#### **Body Protection**

Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

#### •

**Respiratory protection** 

Respiratory protection is not required. Where protection from nuisance levels of dusts are desired, use type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN 143) dust masks. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

No special environmental precautions required.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physicochemical properties

| Appearance                              | beige powder                       |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Odour                                   | No data available                  |
| Odour Threshold                         | No data available                  |
| рН                                      | No data available                  |
| Melting point/freezing point            | Melting point/range: 446 °C - lit. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 1171 °C                            |
| Flash point                             | Not applicable                     |
| Evaporation rate                        | No data available                  |
| Flammability (solid, gas)               | No data available                  |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive   | No data available                  |
| limits                                  |                                    |
| Vapour pressure                         | No data available                  |
| Vapour density                          | No data available                  |
| Relative density                        | 3,49 g/cm3 at 25 °C                |
| Water solubility                        | 1640g/l soluble                    |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  | No data available                  |
| Autoignition temperature                | No data available                  |
| Decomposition temperature               | No data available                  |
| Viscosity                               | No data available                  |
| Explosive properties                    | No data available                  |
| Oxidizing properties                    | No data available                  |

# Other safety information

No data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# Reactivity

No data available

# **Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

# Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

# Conditions to avoid

Avoid moisture.

# Incompatible materials

Strong acids, Strong oxidizing agents

### Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Lithium oxides Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

#### Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Exposure to excessive amounts of iodine during pregnancy is capable of producing fetal hypothyroidism. Iodine-containing drugs have been associated with fetal goiter. Lithium and its compounds are possible teratogens by analogy to lithium carbonate which has equivocal human teratogenic data and positive animal teratogenic data.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

### Aspiration hazard

No data available

#### Additional Information

#### **RTECS:** Not available

Large doses of lithium ion have caused dizziness and prostration, and can cause kidney damage if sodium intake is limited. Dehydration, weight loss, dermatological effects, and thyroid disturbances have been reported. Central nervous system effects that include slurred speech, blurred vision, sensory loss, ataxia, and convulsions may occur. Diarrhea, vomiting, and neuromuscular effects such as tremor, clonus, and hyperactive reflexes may occur as a result of repeated exposure to lithium ion., Prolonged exposure to iodides may produce iodism in sensitive individuals. Symptoms of exposure include: skin rash, running nose, headache and irritation of the mucous membrane. For severe cases the skin may show pimples, boils, hives, blisters and black and blue spots. Iodides are readily diffused across the placenta. Neonatal deaths from respiratory distress secondary to goiter have been reported. Iodides have been known to cause drug-induced fevers, which are usually of short duration., To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# Toxicity

No data available

# Persistence and degradability

No data available

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

### Mobility in soil

No data available

# Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# Other adverse effects

No data available

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

### Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

### **Contaminated packaging**

Dispose of as unused product.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **UN number**

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

# UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods IMDG: Not dangerous goods IATA: Not dangerous goods

# Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

### Packaging group

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

#### Special precautions for user

No data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Not Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/ Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/ EC Inventory:Listed. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/ United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/ European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/ Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/ Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### References

- [1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- [2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- [3] ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/
- [4] eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

- [5] ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- [6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- [7] HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- [8] IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- [9] IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- [10] Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

#### **Disclaimer:**

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.