

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate

Revision Date:2025-01-11 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## Product identifier

Product name : Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate  
CBnumber : CB7377556  
CAS : 111-15-9  
EINECS Number : 203-839-2  
Synonyms : ETHYL GLYCOL ACETATE,2-Ethoxyethyl acetate

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

## Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 400-158-6606

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

## Precautionary statements

P501 Dispose of contents/container to....  
P405 Store locked up.  
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... for extinction.  
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.  
P233 Keep container tightly closed.  
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.  
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

#### **Hazard statements**

H402 Harmful to aquatic life  
H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child  
H332 Harmful if inhaled  
H320 Causes eye irritation  
H312 Harmful in contact with skin  
H302 Harmful if swallowed  
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour

#### **Disposal**

WARNING.Cancer - <https://oehha.ca.gov/proposition-65/chemicals/ethylene-glycol-monoethyl-ether-acetate>

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### **Substance**

Product name	: Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate
Synonyms	: ETHYL GLYCOL ACETATE,2-Ethoxyethyl acetate
CAS	: 111-15-9
EC number	: 203-839-2
MF	: C6H12O3
MW	: 132.16

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### **Description of first aid measures**

#### **General advice**

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### **If inhaled**

If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

#### **In case of skin contact**

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Consult a physician.

#### **In case of eye contact**

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### **If swallowed**

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

### **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Risk of dust explosion.

Forms explosive mixtures with air at elevated temperatures.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

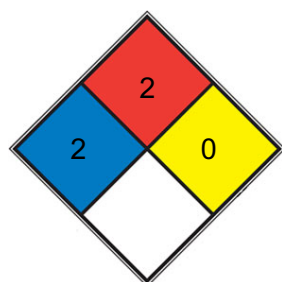
### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

### Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### NFPA 704



**HEALTH 2** Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. [diethyl ether](#), ammonium phosphate, iodine)

**FIRE 2** Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperature before ignition can occur and multiple finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point between 37.8 and 93.3 °C (100 and 200 °F). (e.g. diesel fuel, [sulfur](#))

**REACT 0** Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N<sub>2</sub>](#))

SPEC.

HAZ.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

### **Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g.

Chemisorb?). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

### **Reference to other sections**

For disposal see section 13.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Advice on safe handling**

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

#### **Advice on protection against fire and explosion**

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### **Hygiene measures**

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

#### **Storage conditions**

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

#### **Specific end use(s)**

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## control parameter

### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

### Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

##### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

##### Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Full contact

Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,3 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Butoject? (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,4 mm Break through time: 78 min

Material tested: Camatril? (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

##### Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

##### Respiratory protection

Recommended Filter type: Filter A (acc. to DIN 3181) for vapours of organic compounds

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

##### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

##### Exposure limits

NIOSH REL: TWA 0.5 ppm (2.7 mg/m<sup>3</sup>), IDLH 500 ppm; OSHA PEL: TWA 100 ppm (540 mg/m<sup>3</sup>); ACGIH TLV: TWA 5 ppm (adopted).

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance colorless clear, liquid

Odour	fruity
Odour Threshold	0.049ppm
pH	4 - 5 at 20 °C (saturated solution)
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -61 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	156 °C - lit.
Flash point	54 °C - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 13 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1,7 %(V)
Vapour pressure	3 hPa at 20 °C
Vapour density	4,56 - (Air = 1.0)
Relative density	0,975 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 25 °C - lit. No data available
Water solubility	247 g/l at 20 °C
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 0,24 - Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: 1,32 mPa.s at 20 °C
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Henry's Law Constant	9.07(x 10 <sup>-7</sup> atm·m <sup>3</sup> /mol) at 25 °C (approximate - calculated from water solubility and vapor pressure) 33.0(x 10 <sup>-7</sup> atm·m <sup>3</sup> /mol) at 30.00 °C (headspace-GC, Hovorka et al., 2002)

### Other safety information

Surface tension 31,8 mN/m at 25 °C

Relative vapor density

4,56 - (Air = 1.0)

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Vapor/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

### Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with:

Oxidizing agents Bases

acids

Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with: Aluminum

Release of:

Hydrogen

### **Conditions to avoid**

Heating.

### **Incompatible materials**

Aluminum, Strong oxidizing agents

### **Hazardous decomposition products**

In the event of fire: see section 5

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rabbit - 1.950 mg/kg Remarks: (RTECS)

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - 11 mg/l (Expert judgment)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - 11 mg/l (Expert judgment)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Acute toxicity estimate Dermal - 1.100 mg/kg (Expert judgment)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Acute toxicity estimate Dermal - 1.100 mg/kg (Expert judgment)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

#### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

No data available

#### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

No data available

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitization**

No data available

#### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

No data available

#### **Carcinogenicity**

No data available

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

May damage the unborn child. May damage fertility.

#### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

No data available

#### **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

No data available

#### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

### **Toxicity**

Acute oral LD50 for guinea pigs 1,910 mg/kg, rats 2,900 mg/kg, rabbits 1,950 mg/kg (quoted, RTECS, 1985).

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

#### **Toxicity to fish**

LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 40,7 - 43,6 mg/l - 96 h

#### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 193,6 mg/l - 48 h

#### **Toxicity to algae**

EC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) - > 1.000 mg/l - 72 h

#### **Toxicity to bacteria**

EC10 - Pseudomonas putida - 435 mg/l - 16 h

(DIN 38412)

### **Persistence and degradability**

Biodegradability Result: 97 % - Readily biodegradable.

(OECD Test Guideline 301E)

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)

< 440 mg/g Remarks: (IUCLID)

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

### **Mobility in soil**

No data available

### **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **Toxics Screening Level**

The initial threshold screening level (ITSL) for ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate (EGEEA) is 290 µg/m<sup>3</sup> based on a 24-hour averaging time.

### **Other adverse effects**

Additional ecological information

Avoid release to the environment.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations



## Waste treatment methods

### Product

See [www.retrologistik.com](http://www.retrologistik.com) for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

### Incompatibilities

May form explosive mixture with air. Incompatible with strong acids; strong alkalis; nitrates. Violent reaction with oxidizers. May form unstable peroxides. Softens many plastics. Attacks some plastics, rubber, and coatings

### Waste Disposal

Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. All federal, state, and local environmental regulations must be observed.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### UN number

ADR/RID: 1172 IMDG: 1172 IATA: 1172

### UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER ACETATE IMDG: ETHYLENE GLYCOL  
MONOETHYL ETHER ACETATE

IATA: Ethylene glycol monoethyl  
ether acetate

14.3	Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID: 3 IMDG: 3	IATA: 3
14.4	Packaging group ADR/RID: III IMDG: III	IATA: III
14.5	Environmental hazards ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no	IATA: no
14.6	Special precautions for user No data available	

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

EC Inventory:Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### References

**[1]** CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>

**[2]** ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>

**[3]** ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

**[4]** eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)

**[5]** ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>

**[6]** Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>

**[7]** HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>

**[8]** IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>

**[9]** IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>

**[10]** Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

### Other Information

Check for peroxides prior to distillation; eliminate if found.

#### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.