# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# **BROMODICHLOROMETHANE**

Revision Date: 2025-02-01 Revision Number: 1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **Product identifier**

Product name : BROMODICHLOROMETHANE

 CBnumber
 : CB2186236

 CAS
 : 75-27-4

 EINECS Number
 : 200-856-7

Synonyms : Bromodichloromethane, Dichloroiodomethane

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

Uses advised against : none

# **Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook

Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing

Telephone : 400-158-6606

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word Danger

### Precautionary statements

P501 Dispose of contents/container to.....

P405 Store locked up.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 Wash skin thouroughly after handling.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

#### Hazard statements

H402 Harmful to aquatic life

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H370 Causes damage to organs

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child

H351 Suspected of causing cancer

H340 May cause genetic defects

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H315 Causes skin irritation

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

# Disposal

WARNING.Cancer - https://oehha.ca.gov/proposition-65/chemicals/bromodichloromethane

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# **Substance**

Product name : BROMODICHLOROMETHANE

Synonyms : Bromodichloromethane, Dichloroiodomethane

CAS : 75-27-4

EC number : 200-856-7

MF : CHBrCl2

MW : 163.83

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

# **Description of first aid measures**

#### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

#### In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

#### If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# **Extinguishing media**

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides, Hydrogen chloride gas, Hydrogen bromide gas

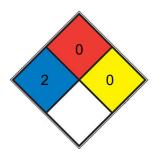
#### Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### **Further information**

No data available

# **NFPA 704**



Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. <u>diethyl</u>

HEALTH 2

ether, ammonium phosphate, iodine)

Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete,

FIRE 0 stone, and sand. Materials that will not burn in air when exposed to a temperature of 820 °C (1,500 °F) for a period of 5 minutes.(e.g. Carbon tetrachloride)

REACT 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, N2)

SPEC.

☐ HAZ.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. For personal protection see section 8.

# **Environmental precautions**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. For precautions see section 2.2.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

# Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# control parameter

#### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

# **Exposure controls**

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Faceshield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it. Splash contact

Material: Fluorinated rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 120 min

Material tested: Vitoject? (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

**Body Protection** 

Annearance

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full- face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

colorless liquid clear

#### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	coloness liquid, clear
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -55 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	87 °C - lit.
Flash point	87-89°C
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	No data available
limits	
Vapour pressure	50 at 20 °C (Dreisbach, 1952)
Vapour density	No data available
Relative density	1,98 g/cm3 at 25 °C
Water solubility	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition temperature	No data available

Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Henry's Law Constant	In seawater (salinity 30.4%): 5.52, 10.51, and 18.97 at 0, 10, and 20 °C, respectively (Moore et al.,
	1995)

# Other safety information

No data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### Reactivity

No data available

# **Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

# Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

#### Conditions to avoid

No data available

#### Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases, Magnesium

# Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides, Hydrogen chloride gas, Hydrogen bromide gas Other decomposition products - No data available In the event of fire: see section 5

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

# Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Mouse - 450,0 mg/kg

Remarks: Brain and Coverings: Changes in circulation (hemorrhage,thrombosis, etc.). Liver: Fatty liver degeneration. Blood: Hemorrhage.

TDLo Oral - Rat - 40 mg/kg

Remarks: Nutritional and Gross Metabolic: Weight loss or decreased weight gain. TDLo Oral - Rat - 35 mg/kg

Remarks: Liver:Other changes. Kidney, Ureter, Bladder:Other changes. TDLo Oral - Rat - 20,5 mg/kg

Remarks: Liver:Liver function tests impaired. TDLo Oral - Rat - 400 mg/kg

Remarks: Biochemical:Enzyme inhibition, induction, or change in blood or tissue lev hydroxylation, etc.). Liver:Other changes.

TDLo Oral - Rat - 2.000 mg/kg

Remarks: Kidney, Ureter, Bladder:Changes in both tubules and glomeruli. Kidney, Ureter, Bladder:Other changes in urine composition.

TDLo Oral - Rat - 9.828 mg/kg

Remarks: Blood:Changes in erythrocyte (RBC) count. Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Weight loss or decreased weight gain.

Biochemical:Enzyme inhibition, induction, or change in blood or tissue levels: Transaminases.

TDLo Oral - Rat - 2.904,6 mg/kg

Remarks: Behavioral:Fluid intake. Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Weight loss or decreased weight gain. Nutritional and Gross

Metabolic:Dehydration.

TDLo Oral - Rat - 5.366,9 mg/kg

Remarks: Kidney, Ureter, Bladder:Changes in kidney weight. Endocrine:Other changes. Skin and Appendages: Other: Hair.

TDLo Oral - Rat - 3.127 mg/kg

Remarks: Behavioral:Fluid intake. Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Weight loss or decreased weight gain.

TDLo Oral - Rat - 20.075 mg/kg

Remarks: Liver:Fatty liver degeneration. Liver:Other changes. Liver:Changes in liver weight.

TDLo Oral - Rat - 5.670 mg/kg

Remarks: Liver: Changes in liver weight. Blood: Changes in serum composition (e.g., TP, bilirubin, cholesterol). Nutritional and Gross

Metabolic: Weight loss or decreased weight gain.

TDLo Oral - Rat - 742 mg/kg

Remarks: Nutritional and Gross Metabolic: Weight loss or decreased weight gain. Behavioral: Food intake (animal).

TDLo Oral - Rat - 2.000 mg/kg

Remarks: Kidney, Ureter, Bladder:Changes in both tubules and glomeruli. Kidney, Ureter, Bladder:Other changes in urine composition.

TDLo Oral - Rat - 375 mg/kg

Remarks: Endocrine:Estrogenic. Blood:Changes in serum composition (e.g., TP, bilirubin, cholesterol).

TDLo Oral - Rat - 750 mg/kg

Remarks: Biochemical:Enzyme inhibition, induction, or change in blood or tissue lev hydroxylation, etc.). Liver:Changes in liver weight. Kidney,

Ureter, Bladder:Other changes. TDLo Oral - Mouse - 1.000 mg/kg

Remarks: Kidney, Ureter, Bladder:Renal function tests depressed. Blood:Changes in serum composition (e.g., TP, bilirubin, cholesterol).

TDLo Oral - Mouse - 750 mg/kg

Remarks: Biochemical:Enzyme inhibition, induction, or change in blood or tissue levels: Dehydrogenases. Biochemical:Enzyme inhibition,

induction, or change in blood or tissue levels: Transaminases. Liver: Changes in liver weight.

TDLo Oral - Rabbit - 59,5 mg/kg

Remarks: Behavioral:Fluid intake. Behavioral:Food intake (animal).

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

# Germ cell mutagenicity

Laboratory experiments have shown mutagenic effects.

#### Carcinogenicity

This product is or contains a component that has been reported to be possibly carcinogenic based on its IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification.

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

IARC: 2B - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans (Bromodichloromethane) IARC: 2B - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans (Bromodichloromethane)

# Reproductive toxicity

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

#### Aspiration hazard

No data available

#### **Additional Information**

RTECS: PA5310000

prolonged or repeated exposure can cause:, Nausea, Dizziness, Headache, narcosis

#### **Toxicity**

LD50 in male, female mice (mg/kg): 450, 900 orally (Bowman)

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# **Toxicity**

No data available

#### Persistence and degradability

No data available

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

# Mobility in soil

No data available

# Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# **Toxics Screening Level**

The initial risk screening level (IRSL) for bromodichloromethane is calculated according to Rule 231 (1 ): IRSL =  $0.06 \, \mu g/m3$ 

# Other adverse effects

No data available

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

# Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN number**

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

# **UN proper shipping name**

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods IMDG: Not dangerous goods IATA: Not dangerous goods

#### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

#### **Packaging group**

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

#### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

#### Special precautions for user

No data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Not Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Not Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Not Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Not Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/

EC Inventory:Listed.

# SECTION 16: Other information

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit TWA: Time Weighted Average

### References

[1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

[2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

[3] ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

[4] eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

[5] ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

[6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

[7] HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

[8] IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

[9] IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

[10] Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

#### Other Information

Bromodichloromethane can be found in chlorinated water. Health effects of exposure to the substance have not been investigated adequately other than by ingestion.

#### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.