# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# Aluminum sulfate

Revision Date:2024-12-21 Revision Number:1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# **Product identifier**

Product name	: Aluminum sulfate				
CBnumber	: CB8435192				
CAS	: 10043-01-3				
EINECS Number	: 233-135-0				
Synonyms	: aluminum sulfate, Aluminium Sulphate				
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against					
Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.				
Uses advised against	: none				
Company Identification					
Company	: Chemicalbook				
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing				
Telephone	: 400-158-6606				

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)

Signal word

Danger

Precautionary statements

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P405 Store locked up.

### Hazard statements

H290 May be corrosive to metals

H315 Causes skin irritation

H318 Causes serious eye damage

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# Substance

Product name	: Aluminum sulfate
Synonyms	: aluminum sulfate, Aluminium Sulphate
CAS	: 10043-01-3
EC number	: 233-135-0
MF	: AI2O12S3
MW	: 342.15

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# **Extinguishing media**

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

# Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Sulfur oxides Aluminum oxide Not combustible.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

### Advice for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

# **Further information**

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

# **NFPA 704**

2	0 ×	0
HEALTH	2	Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. <u>diethyl</u> <u>ether</u> , ammonium phosphate, iodine)
FIRE	0	Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand. Materials that will not burn in air when exposed to a temperature of 820 °C (1,500 °F) for a period of 5 minutes.(e.g. Carbon tetrachloride)
REACT	0	Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, N2)
SPEC. HAZ.		

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Avoid inhalation of dusts. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

# **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up dry. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area. Avoid generation of dusts.

### Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling

For precautions see section 2.2.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

# Storage conditions

Tightly closed. Dry. hygroscopic Store under inert gas.

# Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# control parameter

### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

### **Exposure controls**

### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly

#### fitting safety goggles

**Body Protection** 

#### protective clothing

**Respiratory protection** 

required when dusts are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other

accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type P2

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	white powder
Odour	odorless
Odour Threshold	Not applicable
рН	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: 770 °C - dec.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	112 - 116 °C
Flash point	No data available
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	The product is not flammable Flammability (solids)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	No data available
limits	
Vapour pressure	No data available
Vapour density	No data available
Relative density	2.71
Water solubility	ca.0,00001 g/l at 21,5 °C - insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not applicable for inorganic substances
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

# Other safety information

No data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# Reactivity

No data available

# **Chemical stability**

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

# Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

# Conditions to avoid

Air Exposure to moisture. no information available

# Incompatible materials

No data available

Hazardous decomposition products

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - > 2.000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - male and female - > 5.000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye (OECD Test Guideline 405)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

(OECD Test Guideline 429)

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Escherichia coli/Salmonella typhimurium Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline

### 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Test system: Human lymphocytes

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 487

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: aluminium hydroxide

Species: Rat Application Route: Oral

Remarks: Cytogenetic analysis

#### Carcinogenicity

No data available

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

#### Aspiration hazard

No data available

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# Toxicity

#### Toxicity to fish

semi-static test LC50 - Danio rerio (zebra fish) - > 87,5 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)

#### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 200 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

#### Toxicity to algae

static test ErC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae) - 0,24 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

#### Toxicity to bacteria

static test EC50 - activated sludge - > 200 mg/l - 3 h (OECD Test Guideline 209)

### Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

### Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### Mobility in soil

No data available

### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### Other adverse effects

No data available

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

### Product

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

#### Incompatibilities

In aqueous solution, aluminum sulfate forms sulfuric acid; reacts with bases and many other substances. Corrodes metals, some plastics and

body tissues, especially in the presence of moisture.

#### Waste Disposal

Pretreatment involves hydrolysis followed by neutralization with NaOH. The insoluble aluminum hydroxide formed is removed by filtration and Chemical Book can be heated to decomposition to yield alumina which has valuable industrial applications. The neutral solution of sodium sulfate can be discharged into sewers and waterways as long as its concentration is below the recommended provisional limit of 250 mg/L

# SECTION 14: Transport information

# **UN** number

ADR/RID: 3260 IMDG: 3260 IATA: 3260

# UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (aluminium sulfate) IMDG: CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (aluminium sulfate)

IATA: Corrosive solid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (aluminium sulfate)

# Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 8 IMDG: 8 IATA: 8

# **Packaging group**

ADR/RID: III IMDG: III IATA: III

# **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

### Special precautions for user

No data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

 Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

 China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Not Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/

 Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

 New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/

 Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr

 EC Inventory:Listed.

 European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/

 Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/

 Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/

 Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/

 United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transportation Association TWA: Time Weighted Average STEL: Short term exposure limit LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

- [1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- [2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- [3] ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/
- [4] eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

- [5] ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- [6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- [7] HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- [8] IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- [9] IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- [10] Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

### **Other Information**

Occurs in nature as the mineral alunogenite. Other CAS numbers: 16828-12-9 (14-hydrate); 16828-11-8 (16-hydrate); 7784-31-8 (18-

hydrate); 17927-65-0 (x-hydrate). Aluminium sulfate hydrolizes in water forming sulfuric acid and heat. Literature values for solubility of the

substance are very different due to hydrolyzation process.

**Disclaimer:** 

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